

Commercial.

THIS DAY.

Noon. Business is still very quiet in the Share Market. Sales of Banks have taken place at 20 per cent. premium for the end of August, but there are sellers at 20 for the end of the present month. China Traders' are in good demand at quotation. Docks are firmer, buyers offering 60 premium, sellers standing out for 61. Luzons have been done at 84 for cash and 86 for the end of August. Nothing else requires special mention.

4 o'clock p.m.

Since noon Banks have been made the medium of several transactions at 20 for the end of August. China Fairs have changed hands at 382, the stock closing fairly firm at that rate. Docks are considerably firmer than when we last wrote; shares have been negotiated for cash at 61, and there are further buyers at that increased quotation. China Sugar scrip has been inquired after at 208 for the end of the month; but so far as we are aware no actual transfers have taken place on these terms. Luzons are not quite so firm as they were this forenoon, standing when our report left rather weak at 84 for cash.

SHARPS.

Hongkong and Shanghai Bank—Ex New Issue—164 per cent. premium. Hongkong and Shanghai Bank—New Issue—162 per cent. premium. Union Insurance Society of Canton—\$650 per share, buyers.

China Traders' Insurance Company—\$2,700 per share, buyers.

North China Insurance—Tls. 1,550 per share. Canton Insurance Company, Limited—\$120 per share, sellers.

Yangtze Insurance Association—Tls. 1,060 per share.

Chinese Insurance Company—\$230 per share, ex. div., sellers.

On Tai Insurance Company, Limited—Tls. 150 per share.

Hongkong Fire Insurance Company—\$350 per share.

China Fire Insurance Company—\$382 per share, sales.

Hongkong and Whampoa Dock Company—61 per cent. premium, sales and buyers.

Hongkong, Canton, and Macao Steamboat Co.—\$524 per share, premium, sellers.

China and Manila Steam Ship Company—120 per share.

Hongkong Gas Company—\$80 per share.

Hongkong Hotel Company—\$167 per share, buyers.

Indo-China Steam Navigation Company, Limited—15 per cent. dis., sellers.

China Sugar Refining Company, Limited—\$208 per share, buyers.

China Sugar Refining Company (Debentures)—2 per cent. premium.

Luzon Sugar Refining Company, Limited—\$84 per share, sales and sellers.

Hongkong Ice Company—\$161 per share, buyers.

Hongkong and China Bakery Company, Limited—\$80 per share, buyers.

Chinese Imperial Loan of 1878—1 per cent. prem. ex. int.

Chinese Imperial Loan of 1881—2 per cent. prem.

EXCHANGE.

ON LONDON—Bank, T. T. 3/1

Bank Bills, on demand 3/1

Bank Bills, at 30 days' sight 3/1

Bank Bills, at 4 months' sight 3/8

Documentary Bills, at 4 months' sight 3/8

ON PARIS—Bank, on demand 4/5

Credits, at 4 months' sight 4/6

ON BOMBAY—Bank, T. T. 2/2

ON CALCUTTA—Bank, T. T. 2/2

ON DEMAND 2/2

ON SHANGHAI—Bank, sight 7/2

Private, 30 days' sight 7/3

EXPORT CARGO.

Per *Antrigone*, str., for London—300 packages

Congou (5,480 lbs.), 295 bales Waste Silk, and

66 packages Sundries. For Continent—3,174

packages Tea (particulars unknown), 15 bales

Waste Silk, and 641 packages Sundries.

OPIUM MARKET.—THIS DAY.

New Malwa per picul, 8530

(Allowance, Taels 24.)

Old Malwa per picul, 8560

(Allowance, Taels 40.)

New Patna (without choice) per chest, 6502

New Patna (bottom) per chest, 6507

New Patna (second choice) per chest, 6500

Old Patna (bottom) per chest, 6505

Old Patna (without choice) per chest, 6602

New Benares (high touch) per chest, 6557

New Benares (low touch) per chest, 6555

New Benares (bottom) per chest, 6500

Persian (best quality) per chest, 8520

New Persian per picul, 8420

(Allowance, Taels 24.)

Old Persian per picul, 8375

(Allowance, Taels 8.)

CHINA COAST METEOROLOGICAL REGISTER.

THIS DAY TELEGRAMS.

HONGKONG, AMIN, SHANGHAI, MANILA.

BAROMETER, THERMOMETER, THERM. REC.

Barometer 96.8 97.0 97.2 97.4 97.6 97.8 98.0 98.2 98.4 98.6 98.8

Therm. (at 100°) 86.0 87.0 88.0 89.0 90.0 91.0 92.0 93.0 94.0 95.0 96.0

Direction of Wind S N E N W S E N S W S E

Force 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13

Dry Thermometer 85.0 87.0 90.0 92.0 94.0 96.0 98.0 100.0 102.0 104.0 106.0

Wet Thermometer 79.0 79.0 82.0 85.0 88.0 91.0 94.0 97.0 100.0 103.0 106.0

Weather C S C B C C B C C B C

Hour's Rain — — — — — — — — — —

Quantity fallen 0.14 — — — — — — — —

Barometer, level of the sea (in inches, tens and hundreds)—Thermometer, in Fahrenheit degrees and tens kept in open air in a shaded situation—Direction of Wind, force, and pressure—C. G. F. & Co., 100, Queen's Road, Central, Hongkong.

Force of Wind, in miles per hour—Wind direction in miles per hour—Wind velocity in miles per hour—State of Weather, A. Cle. Blue sky, C. Cloudy, D. Drizly, F. Fog, G. Foggy, H. Hail, I. Hail, J. Hail, K. Hail, L. Hail, M. Hail, N. Snow, P. Thunder, Q. Thunder, R. Thunder, S. Wind, T. Wind, U. Wind, V. Wind, W. Wind, Z. Calm.

The stars are repeated to indicate any increase over the previous day.

For average of the day, add the sum of the rain for each hour (in millimetres) and divide by the number of hours.

The quantity of water fallen (in millimetres) and the quantity of water fallen (in inches, tens and hundreds).

Shipping.

ARRIVALS.

VESPASIAN, British steamer, 791, Alfred Speller, 21st July—Nagasaki 15th July, Rice—Mitsui, *Kai-sha*.

TANAS, French steamer, 1,756, E. Druon, 21st July—Yokohama 15th July, Mails and General—Messageries Maritimes.

HAINAN, British steamer, 259, Willis, 21st July, Haiphong 18th July, and Hoihow 20th July—General—Along.

LITO, British steamer, 670, Lewis, 22nd July, Saigon 17th July, General—Adamson; Bell & Co.

HARTER, British steamer, 1,166, F. Grandin, 22nd July—Amoy 20th July, Tea, &c.—Russell & Co.

PING-ON, British steamer, 574, McCaslin, 22nd July—Hoihow 20th July, General—Russell & Co.

ELECTRA, German steamer, 1,161, G. Kaiser, 18th July—Saigon 14th July, Rice—Siemens & Co.

EMU, Spanish steamer, 410, Remerteria, 30th June—Manila 27th June, General—Remedios & Co.; Kowloon Dock.

FOKEIN, British steamer, 500, Abbott, 20th July, Tamsui 16th July, and Amoy 18th July—General—D. Lapraik & Co.

INGO, German steamer, 672, Jesselsen, 10th July—Singapore 3rd July, General—Wieler & Co.

KHIVA, British steamer, 2,609, P. Harris, 14th July—Bombay 28th June, and Singapore, General—P. & O. S. N. Co.

CYCLOPS, British steamer, 1,460, Jago, 23rd July—Singapore 17th July, General—Butterfield & Swire.

CHURRUCA, Spanish steamer, 403, G. de Horrmach, 23rd July—Manila 20th July, General and Treasure (\$113,000)—Remedios & Co.

KWONG-SANG, British steamer, 988, St. Croix, 23rd July—Swatow 22nd July, General—Jardine, Matheson & Co.

MIRAMAL, British steamer, 892, E. J. Dugran, 23rd July—Manila 21st July, Ballast—Russell & Co.

CLEARANCES AT THE HARBOUR OFFICE.

Selene, British steamer, for Woosung.

Compta, Dutch steamer, for Saigon.

Hainan, British steamer, for Hoihow.

Cyclops, British steamer, for Amoy.

Fokien, British steamer, for Swatow, &c.

DEPARTURES.

July 22, *Leeyun*, Chinese steamer, for Canton.

July 22, *Harter*, British str., for Singapore, &c.

July 22, *Fookang*, British str., for Shanghai.

July 22, *Resolute*, American ship, for New York.

July 22, *H. Upmann*, German bark, for Hamburg.

July 22, *Felling*, British steamer, for Swatow.

July 22, *Livington*, Ger. bark, for Whampoa.

July 22, *Vespaion*, British steamer, for Singapore, and Amoy.

July 22, *Vorwerts*, German str., for Tournon.

July 22, *Friedlander*, German ship, for Gebu.

July 23, *Huayuen*, Chinese str., for Canton.

July 23, *Kumamoto Maru*, Japanese str., for Nagasaki.

July 23, *Feling*, British steamer, for Swatow, &c.

July 23, *Fokien*, str., from Hoihow—16 Chinese.

July 23, *Compta*, str., from Amoy—56 Chinese.

July 23, *Lito*, str., from Saigon—100 Chinese.

July 23, *Bank*, str., from Yokohama—Messrs. M. Kedai, Koetzoushi, and Manuel Diogo, and 1 Chinese, for Hongkong. For Saigon—Suyeshi Taki. For Singapore—Misses Stifford (3). Messrs. Hori and Ito Gimbei.

July 23, *Churruca*, str., from Manila—Messrs. Carlos Reimann and Jonas Laguardia.

July 23, *Huayuen*, str., from Shanghai—General—Wieder.

July 23, *Williams*, str., from J. Harmon, and 48 Chinese, for Hongkong. For Canton—Mr. G. D. de Segonzac, and 36 Chinese.

July 23, *Kwongsang*, str., from Swatow—Messrs. Mount, Herbergh, and Whitehouse, and 3 Chinese.

July 23, *Per Douglas*, str., for Amoy—56 Chinese.

July 23, *Per Feling*, str., for Saigon—20 Chinese.

July 23, *Per Fokien*, str., for Saigon—40 Chinese.

July 23, *Per Cyclops*, str., from Amoy—1 European and 40 Chinese.

July 23, *Per Cyclops*, str., from Singapore—200 Chinese.

July 23, *Per Cyclops*, str., from Saigon—10 Chinese.

July 23, *Per Cyclops*, str., from Amoy—1 European and 40 Chinese.

July 23, *Per Cyclops*

THE HONGKONG TELEGRAPH, MONDAY, JULY 23, 1883.

white Christain in a high fever. He was as much truth as wit christened the place "Cob-web Hall," he might with equal truthfulness have added "mosquito and fever manufactory." On his discharge he was charged the modest sum of \$2.50 per diem! What the \$2 were for I cannot guess; the 50 cents might have paid for the quinine but why there should be items on the bill for either accommodation or attendance (which were simply *nil*) is what is popularly termed a conundrum. It is only in deference to the patient's expressed wishes that I do not give you the whole story. I should imagine the position of both of the representatives, one of medicine and the other of justice, tempered with mercy, should have renounced all class distinctions, and recognised in every suffering man—a brother, thinking rather of his humanity than his accidents.

The Kiang-yu has made her maiden voyage and we are all strongly impressed with her fine appearance. She is decidedly a desirable acquisition to the already fine list of C. M. Co.'s steamers.

I hear there is a rumour to the effect that both the Kiang-yu and Kiang-kwan are going to run between Hongkong and Canton.—*Courier.*

(FROM ANOTHER CORRESPONDENT.)

14th July, 1883.

In consequence of a continual rise in the river, the Foreign Settlement and the native city are the only dry places for a walk. The whole of the surrounding country, the Race Course included, is entirely under water. At 6.30 p.m. to day, canoe, sampan, gig and house-boat races are to take place at the back of the old cricket ground, which has been temporarily transformed into a lake, and some capital sport is anticipated.

From the English, facing eastward, an inland sea, dotted here and there with a few trees, with the Kinsan Bluffs in the distance. The river banks are entirely under water and the farmers are compelled to exchange their usual occupation of ploughing for that of "padding their own canoe." For the present, steamers take their departure at daylight instead of at 10 p.m. as usual. I hear that the river is much higher between this port and Kiukiang than it is in the neighbourhood of Wuhan. This is to be accounted for by the small quantity of water coming out of the Poyang Lake, whilst our local return is caused by a great rise of the river at Ichang, where the volume of water is swollen by an influx of water from the Tungting Lake and the Hanyang. The watermark here to-day is 44 ft. 6 in. whilst at Kiukiang it is only 39 ft. 8 in., or nearly 5 feet less than at our port, whilst in the spring and winter months it is generally 2 feet in excess of the Hankow water-mark. The difference in the water level will account for a strong downward current and the washing away of the river banks to a concave form. At Hwang-chow, about go miles below this, the country is submerged to a depth of several feet and the indigo and hemp crops are completely ruined. The farming class in that district are much to be pitied as they are thus rendered destitute of their means of livelihood and source of daily food.

The Russian steamer *Nijni Novgorod*, leaves here to-morrow. The Russian gunboat is still in quarantine.—*Courier.*

NINGPO.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

15th July, 1883.

We are having very agreeable weather here at present. The sun is strong, but there is a delicate cool-breeze blowing day and night.

The noise which has been the source of so much complaint in Shanghai has lately assumed serious proportions here, and the Municipal Council have accordingly issued instructions to the police to impound all dogs found straying in the settlement. They have made several traps but have not yet commenced to exterminate the canine pests—who "make night hideous" with their unearthly yell.

A Customs official, who was aroused from his slumbers at 5 a.m. this morning by the barking of two dogs, took the law into his own hands by discharging a revolver at the brutes and killed them both.

The vacancy in the Police force has been filled up by the appointment of Mr. J. Mills, formerly an officer on board the United States ship *Ashuelot*.

There are no merchant vessels in port at present, and it is some time since we have had any except the *Tsunis* and *Kiangtien* which are here on alternate days. Three Chinese gunboats arrived here a few days ago, and are still in port.

I hear that cholera is prevailing in some of the coast ports but I am happy to say that it has not yet made its appearance here.—*Courier.*

YOKOHAMA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

Yokohama, July 12th.

In my last letter to you I said that the state of trade in this country, consequent on the despotic commercial laws in force, is in a very depressed condition. It now seems that there is a grand movement on foot for the resuscitation of trade. From what has come to my knowledge through the medium of the vernacular press I am in a position to inform you that a Mr. Buntaro of Kyoto (near Kobe) has projected a vast scheme for the establishment of a Grand International Exhibition to be held in Japan in 1885.

Provided such an exhibition is held and facilities are granted to the natives by the Government for acquiring foreign capital, then most undoubtedly Japan will become a flourishing and really progressive country.

A correspondent signing himself "An Observer en voyage," writing to the *Japan Gazette*, has made such clear and practical remarks on this subject that I think I cannot do better than reproduce his letter here in extenso—

INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION IN JAPAN, 1885.

To you Editor of the *Japan Gazette*. Sir—In your issue dated 10 instant you will find the announcement of the *New Standard* respecting the proposed Mr. Buntaro (President of the Meiji Kankai, Kyoto) who is merely in the position of prefect of a vast scheme for this Japanese International Exhibition; of course, those gentlemen who might be successful, he is not responsible for the success of the exhibition. It would place as much confidence in a master of this kind promoted by a single merchant as they would be in a single general. I will go so far as to say that I don't believe Mr. Buntaro is a man of much ability, but the Powers which would be indispensable in the carrying out of such a project successfully.

The number of lawyers is considerably on the increase. Applications sent to the authorities this year for candidates for competition in the forthcoming examinations are fifty per cent more than in previous years. The applicants are mostly young students and have not much legal knowledge; consequently, the number who are expected to pass successful examinations are, in Tokyo, ten, and in the provinces, two or three per cent.

A report from Kyoto says that on the 1st instant a mob numbering upwards of three hundred attacked a shop, kept by a Nakao Shigemori, as a depot for the sale of Bibles, and created a serious disturbance. On the day in question, he was preaching, as usual, before a quiet audience in his shop, when an infuriated mob, who were watching for an opportunity to wreak vengeance upon him, rushed in and threatened to tear down the house. Nakao escaped through the kitchen door and appealed at the police-station for assistance. The police promptly arrived on the scene, and, in spite of furious resistance, arrested the ringleaders and took them to the police station.—*Japan Mail.*

PART OF CHINA IN THE TONQUIN AFFAIR.

The head of the Chinese Legation in Paris has been interviewed touching the part that China will be likely to play in the dispute with France about the Tonquin affair. Li Hung Chang is now practically the head of the Chinese Empire. He is said to be the ablest statesman which his country has produced in hundred years. He holds that Tonquin is a vassal of the Chinese Empire, and that the latter will protect the province at all costs. The French, he says, have not complained through any diplomatic channels. Captain Riviere with his small band, who attempted to invade the interior of Tonquin were wiped out of existence by forty thousand Annamites. That is a part of the grievance. The French suffered a defeat, and now propose to inaugurate a war on a pretty large scale. The Chinese diplomat in Paris, according to a report of an interview in the New York *Advertiser*, says that the Chinese have armaments of the highest order. They have Krupp guns in fortresses, and a fleet of well equipped ships, including some of the fastest gunboats in the world. The latter are of English build. They claim, also, to have one of the best arsenals in the world—that of Foo Choo, which has for several years been managed by engineers of the French Navy. To a question about the discipline of the Chinese army, the diplomat made the following point:

"You notice I smile at your question. All you Europeans believe that China to-day is in the same state of disorganization as in 1860. It is a great mistake. If at that time Montauban and Admiral Wille were to disembark at Takow, invade our territory, pass by our forts on the Peiho and enter Pekin, because China was then in the throes of a terrible civil war. The Taipings had made themselves masters of the whole eastern portion of the Empire. Our Emperor could scarcely count upon three provinces. To-day there is not a single rebel throughout the length and breadth of the Empire. Over four hundred millions of us are devoted to our august Emperor, and we have an armament and a military organization capable of setting any foreign invasion at defiance."

According to this Oriental view, which is no doubt highly colored one, the Chinese Government is not only prepared to fight, but has resources of her own in some respects, more than equal to those which France could bring into this foreign field. The great changes which have been made in the military and naval equipment of Chinese forces during the last ten years have been frequently noted. Here comes one of her statesmen and calls attention incidentally, to the fact that China is equipped with arsenals, gunboats, fortifications, Krupp guns, and whatever European engineers could suggest. In the way of munitions of war, and now says that the French must not undertake to subjugate Tonquin. The controversy becomes more and more interesting on the diplomatic side. But it is not at all certain that it will amount to more than a temporary invasion of Tonquin, just as a compromise of some sort, which will close the controversy before war actually occurs on a large scale.—*San Francisco Bulletin.*

NOTES FROM JAPANESE PAPERS.

It is reported that Mr. Asano, the Japanese Minister of Italy, will return to Japan in October next.

A resident of Kyoto is taking the necessary steps to promote an international exhibition to be held in that city in 1885.

Four cases of cholera are reported to have occurred on the 21st and 22nd ultimo at Kujimura in the prefecture of Ibaraki.

The authorities have lately received an application from the Chinese Government for permission to engage six Japanese telegraph operators.

A telegram received in the capital announces the departure on the 4th instant of the war-vessel *Mosun Kan* from Shimoneseki for Korea.

The steamer *Utsukawa Maru*, of the naval Department, now building at Yokosuka, will be launched shortly. Her engines have been made entirely by Japanese.

The war-vessel *Kaimon Kan* which was launched in August of last year, has been fitted with engines, and had her machinery tested when everything worked satisfactorily.

Two Chinamen were sent to Tokyo from the prefecture of Hiroshima under police escort on the 6th instant, charged with having proceeded to the latter *Ken* without passports.

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A Japanese troupe are playing at the *Gaiety*. Theatre here and are attracting good houses, they will shortly be down in Hongkong, I believe, en route for India. They are good actors and should attract large audiences in your colony.

TIENTSIN.

[FROM A CORRESPONDENT.]

July 9th, 1883.
His Excellency Li Hung-chang, on board the *Huan*, C.M.S.N. Co.'s steamer, arrived here this morning, and was received with salutes from the forts, and the Chinese gunboats in harbour. Many high officials called on His Excellency on the *Huan*, and when he went ashore he took up his quarters at the offices of the C.M.S.N. Co. It was not known whether he would proceed to Peking or not.

The long-looked-for shower came down yesterday and was accompanied by a heavy gale from the south east, which uprooted several trees and damaged many others. The rain and wind lasted for twenty-six hours, and cooled the atmosphere to such an extent that the thermometer stood at 69° during the evening, and ulcers were worn by several gentlemen. I suppose this will confirm the Chinese in their idea that Li brings rain with him wherever he goes, for he was in the Gulf of Pechili when this occurred.

A few scratch cricket matches have been played lately, and a return match with the officers of H.M.S. *Lynx* will take place when that vessel returns.

The British squadron under the command of Admiral Willes is at the outer anchorage, where it arrived on the 6th inst. It includes the *Audacious*, *Albatross*, *Curacao*, and *Pegasus*. The *Vigilant* arrived to-day.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

July 9th, 1883.

On Saturday last Mr. H. Davenport left per steam launch to join H.B.M.'s squadron at Taku in order to accompany Admiral Willes, it is said, to Korea, or on some other kind of expedition. Mr. Holland acts for Mr. Davenport here.

The Tea wharfage dues *ad valorem* are to be charged and approved by the various Ministers at Peking; the valuation scale to be made by the Commissioner of Customs has not yet been made; and as this year's tea is arriving the Commissioner insists on importers paying 5 candareens per picul as charged last year, which is equal to Tls. 50 to Tls. *ad valorem* for Black Tea. The Customs Tao-tai complains that the Commissioner has not furnished him with the valuation scale; if so, why doesn't he insist on its being furnished? Surely it does not require three months of the Customs to find out when the Customs' Trade Report for 1881 states.

Black Tea average rate per picul.....

Tacs 15

Green Tea..... 21.55

Brick Tea..... 5.93

H.E. Li Hung-chang arrived to-day at 10 a.m. on *Huan*, after having visited Why-hu-why, Chefoo, and Port Li. He had an interview for about an hour with H.E. Wang Wen-shao, who specially waited for H.E. Li's arrival here, and leaves to-morrow per *Huan* for your place. It appears that H.E. and his mother have changed their views of going by the Grand Canal. H.E. Wang Wen-shao is to return immediately to Peking.

It is said H.E. Li Hung-chang may leave the day after to-morrow for Peking; to assume, it is said, the office of Minister of War and member of the Tsung-le-yamda as Vicerey.

The Chinese have it here that Tao-tai Ma Kien-chung, H.E.'s French interpreter, is to be appointed Minister to the Court of Hué. If so, then France has abandoned the notion of the conquest of Annam and Tongking. His friends say that on account of this, Ma Kien-chung will not require the lot on the French Settlement promised by Mr. Bourcet to him.

Your latest paper arrived said that negotiations between H.E. Li and H.E. Mons. Tricou were broken off. There is quite an excitement hereabout on account of this amongst the Chinese. Li Hung-chang's soldiers were very excited, and insulting. Whilst passing through the Settlement, and in the suburbs, they set upon a foreigner and began to beat the donkey on which he was riding and, him too; but it had not been for his speaking Chinese and knowing one of the officials, and the result would hardly have been known, because there was a general cry of "Shali Yangkweil H." from the soldiers. The gentleman attacked was a British subject.—*Mercury.*

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The Chinese have it here that Tao-tai Ma Kien

Intimations.

A. S. WATSON & CO.

FAMILY AND DISPENSING CHEMISTS,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGISTS,
DRUGGISTS' SUNDRY, PERFUMERS,
IMPORTERS AND EXPORTERS

OF
MANILA CIGARS,
WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS,
AND
MANUFACTURERS

OF
AERATED WATERS.

THE HONGKONG DISPENSARY,
ESTABLISHED A.D. 1841.

THE SHANGHAI PHARMACY,
24, NANKIN ROAD, SHANGHAI.

BOTICAS INGLESA,
14, ESCOLTA, MANILA.

THE CANTON DISPENSARY, CANTON.

THE DISPENSARY, FOOCHOW.

DEATH.

On the 22nd instant, at East Villa, The Peak, HELEN, the beloved wife of S. R. Neate.

the title of Emperor by the King of Prussia required. These constitutional modifications were, indeed, submitted to and approved by the Federal Diet, but as the whole Confederation was in the first instance the product of treaty between the different Kingdoms, Duchies, Grand Duchies, etc., Bismarck perhaps assumes that it can be unmade in the same way it was made.

It is impossible to say how such a proposition would be received by the various States, but the man of blood and iron has a way of pushing through just such revolutionary schemes and making them successful in spite of apparently insurmountable obstacles. An equally difficult question is, what would be the feelings and the acts of the German people upon seeing their Constitution violated and the last vestiges of representative Government obliterated? Will they quietly submit to being reduced to an absolutism almost as complete as that of Russia, or will they rise, as they did in 1848, and madly dash themselves against a military power whose smallest finger can crush them? What can they do? It is to be hoped they will not be called upon to decide, either, because Bismarck and the Emperor are too wise to proceed to extremities, or because they cannot carry with them the governments of the smaller German Powers.

TELEGRAMS.

HONGKONG, MONDAY, JULY 23, 1883.

LONDON, July 20th.

THE CHOLERA IN EGYPT.
The mortality from cholera in Cairo has reached 68 daily.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

A REGULAR Lodge of Victoria, No. 1026, will be held this evening, the 23rd instant, at 8.30 for 9 o'clock precisely.

THE visitors to the City Hall Museum for the week ended 22nd July, were:—European 172, Chinese 2,015; total 2,187.

We are informed that the Messageries Maritimes steamer *Yangtze*, with the incoming French mail, left Saigon this morning at 3 o'clock, and may be expected to arrive here early on Thursday next.

WHY HE LOVES THE MONTH OF JUNE.—"And so you love June better than any other month," she said, gazing at the young farmer from the blue abysses of her soft dreamy eyes—"the beautiful leafy June, with its roses and its song-birds and its fragrance-laden zephyrs?" "Yes," he replied nonchalantly, "it's the month to wear calves, know."

TWO SIDES TO THE QUESTION.—"How often does the ferry-boat start?" asked the lady. "Every fifteen minutes, mum." "How long is it since the boat left here?" "Ten minutes, mum." Lady waits ten minutes, and then says, "Didn't you say the boat starts every fifteen minutes?" "I did, mum." "Well, I have waited here ten minutes since you said the boat had been gone ten minutes!" "Yes, mum." "Then how do we make out that it starts every fifteen minutes?" "Why, you see, mum, it starts from this side wan fifteen minutes, and from the other side the next."

ROBERT ZWARG, lately mounted orderly in the Colony took place at the Tung Wu Hospital yesterday at noon to consider the question of erecting memorials to Sir John Poole Hennessey and Sir Richard MacDonnell. The meeting was numerously attended, nearly the whole of the leading Chinese citizens being present. Dr. Ho Kai, who lately been posing as the representative of the Chinese community, was, however, conspicuously by his absence. Mr. Ho Amei was elected to take the chair and delivered an eloquent oration which occupied some considerable time. It was finally decided to let the question as to what form the memorials for Sir John Poole Hennessey and Sir Richard MacDonnell should stand over until it was ascertained what monies would be available. It was also decided as Mr. Leong On and Mr. Wei Yuk had been elected to the committee of the Sir Arthur Kennedy testimonial fund, to let these gentlemen take charge of the Chinese subscription lists for the Kennedy Fund, the other lists being placed in charge of Mr. Ho Amei. We shall give a full report of the meeting in our next issue.

AS WILL BE SEEN FROM OUR ADVERTISEMENT COLUMNS Professor Haselmayer makes his positively last appearance to-night, and among the many novelties to be introduced by the talented professor will be the explanation of the "Goblin Drum Mystery" which will no doubt set at rest the many conjectures as to the "whys" and "hows" of the obedient instrument. For the last time in China, under the Professor's able management, will be seen "Psyche" and will the dulcet strains of the "Stylocafe" be heard; and as a further inducement for the fair sex to be present, every lady present this evening will receive a souvenir of silverware to commemorate the last *sousie* of Haselmayer in China. All those who have not seen the Professor perform should not miss this night, their last chance.

ONE OF OUR YOUNG LADIES, says a San Francisco paper, whose possession of diamonds is of so recent a date that she never takes her gloves off all day once she gets all her rings on them, was in one of our leading dry-goods stores the other day. She had been buying satin and velvet and Valenciennes lace and bugle fringe at sixteen dollars a yard, with which to make a cover for the parlor coal-scuttle. Stopped near the door by a salesman who did not know her. "We have just opened a fashionable line of colored ginghams and calicos, fast colors and warranted to wash," he said. "Well, suppose you have? I don't care, I don't want none, of 'em. I guess you don't know who I am! I don't never get my clothes washed;" and she swept from the door and entered the carriage in waiting.

A RICH and obdurate father was told the other day by an impudent lover that he could not exist without his daughter. "Probably not," replied the cruel parent, "or some other girl who has money."

THE DUC DE VIVONNE being indisposed, his friends sent for a physician. When the Duc heard he was in attendance in the antechamber, he said: "Tell him I cannot see him because I am not well; let him call again another time."

THE HANCK W CORRESPONDENT of the Shanghai *Courier* hears a rumour to the effect that the China Merchants Co's steamers *Kiang-yung* and *Kiang-kwan* are going to run between Hongkong and Canton.

THE Queensland Government intend purchasing two gun-boats, to cost £60,000. The boats are to be of the same type as those supplied to India and China, each having one 25-ton breech-loading Armstrong gun, two thirteen pounders, and one Nordenfeldt gun.

THE ANNUAL REPORT of the Colonial Surgeon is published in a special supplement of the *Government Gazette*, which was circulated yesterday morning. It is far too lengthy for publication in our columns, but there are certain features in it which will receive our special attention at an early date.

A TERRIBLE STORY, says the *Japan Mail* of the 1st inst., comes by telegram from Hiroshima. It is to the effect that on the night of the 3rd instant, at about 10 o'clock, a fire broke out at the gaol and spread with such rapidity that all the buildings from the 1st to the 12th ward were destroyed in a very short space of time. In each ward from 30 to 80 criminals are confined, and it is stated that the occupants of the 4th and 5th wards, sixty-one persons in all, were burned to death, while 156 prisoners were more or less severely injured. One hundred and twenty escaped, but of these fifteen were recaptured the same night. We trust that the details of this affair have been more than usually exaggerated.

THE FOLLOWING INTELLIGENCE has been received from the West Coast of Africa:—The French Government has resumed the Protectorate of Porto Novo and its tributary towns.

The negotiation was carried through by Commodore Dories, of the French corvette *Dupetit*, and terminated on the 2nd ult. The *Dupetit* afterwards left for Lagos, arriving in the roadstead of the latter place on the 9th. She saluted the British flag with twenty-one guns, which compliment was returned by the guns of the battery at Lagos.

It was stated that 300 French troops were expected at Porto Novo in June next. The French have also taken forcible possession of Black Point and the territory up to Loango.

Upon a landing being attempted by the French troops, the natives showed some opposition, but

their efforts were not persisted in, and the French landed with little or no resistance. It appears that the French flag is flying at Black Point and the other adjacent territory, and that soldiers are stationed along the route of the newly-annexed territory.

THE SHANGHAI *COURIER* of the 10th instant, says:—The Telegraph Construction and Maintenance Company's steamer *Scotia* successfully landed on the 11th at Nagasaki the shore end of the Great Northern Telegraph Company's new duplicate cable which is to connect Shanghai with Vladivostock, via Nagasaki, at a cost to the Company of about £300,000. The *Scotia* afterward proceeded north to Vladivostock, from which place the main cable of the Vladivostok-Nagasaki section will be laid south.

The Construction Company's other steamer, the *Seine*, having on board the cable intended for the Shanghai-Nagasaki section arrived here this morning and will proceed to the North to the Sables Islands to-morrow in order to carry out the work entrusted to her. She brings out very heavy cable which will be laid for a number of miles outwards from Gotskaff and it is expected that this will prevent the former frequent interruptions caused by Chinese junks' anchors. A telegram was received last night saying that the *Scotia* had commenced laying out the new cable from Vladivostock towards Nagasaki yesterday morning—she is expected to finish her work in from 5 to 6 days. The new cable has been manufactured by the Construction and Maintenance Company upon the latest electrical principles and has been brought out in perfect electric condition.

The *G.N.T.C.*'s repairing steamer, the *Stores Nordiske*, having surveyed the new cable track now acting as guide to the *Scotia*. It is most unfortunate that the Company's Hongkong-Amoy cable should have become interrupted just at the present moment when the repairing ship is away and unable to attend to the repairs for a considerable time to come.

MISS DOLLY JOHNSTON, inmate of No. 23, Graham street, had an interview with Mr. Wodehouse this morning, charging Messrs. Chun Awan and Tam Yip Yung, servant and cook respectively, with stealing a silver brooch value £1.50. The lady said that as she was on the point of going out for a promenade she required the jewel and going to look for it she found it was missing from the box. She then accused the servant with stealing it and also with stealing a dollar from the mantel piece. A constable was sent for and the cool handed the brooch over to the peace preserver saying he picked it up from the floor. Chun stated that his mistress had a free hand to hand fight with another of the soiled dove division who lives close by when the brooch fell on the floor and the cook picked it up. Henry James Wood P.C. 88, said that he was called last evening to house No. 23, Graham Street at about 8 o'clock. The first prisoner was given into his custody, charged with stealing a brooch and a dollar. When the first prisoner was being hurried off to the station he called out to the second prisoner and said something in Chinese. The cook then went downstairs and came up with the brooch. He took both the servants into custody. Miss Dolly was recalled, and, in answer to his Worship, said the brooch had been lying in the box for some days, and that she had not put it on that day. His Worship in dealing with the case said that there was no doubt the defendants were guilty of the theft and he therefore ordered the pair to be imprisoned for one calendar month, shot drill and oculum picking being added to prevent their muscles getting flabby or their appetites getting dull.

THE band of "The Buffs," under the leadership of bandmaster H. Quinn, played selections in the Botanic Gardens on Saturday evening last, when a large number of visitors attended. The night was beautifully fine and cool, and the instrumentalists were in capital form. The best thanks of the community are due to the officers of "The Buffs" for providing these pleasant moonlight concerts.

THE UNITED STATES FRIGATE *RICHMOND*, 14, Captain J. S. Skerrett (flagship of Rear-Admiral Crozier), arrived at Yokohama from Nagasaki on the 10th inst.

A TRAVELLER, describing a tropical-shower, writes to a friend in the following words: "The raindrops were extremely large, varying in size from a shilling to eighteen pence."

A GERMAN authority, Dr. Erdmann, states that the Emperor Augustus received a yearly rent of twenty thousand scutars (about £150) from the Neapolitans, for the privilege of allowing them to extract the white clay or chalk from the hills between Puteoli and Naples, used to adulterate and give a whiteness to the famous *Campana semolina*.

SAYS THE *JAPAN MAIL*:—A vernacular journal states that the trial of the persons concerned in the murder of Shimidzu, a servant in the employ of Mr. John Pitman, who was assassinated in Tokioyo on the 29th of March, 1881, by a comrade under circumstances of peculiar atrocity, has been at length concluded. The accessories have been condemned to imprisonment for periods varying from five to seven years. Sentence will be passed upon the actual murderer shortly.

CHARLES MATHIESON, second mate on board the American barque *Goodwill*, was introduced to Mr. Wodehouse this morning on a charge of being drunk and disorderly in the streets yesterday. George Savers P.C. 81, said he arrested the drunken mate late evening at Peddar's Wharf as he would not get into a sampan, and was abusing everybody on the wharf. The defendant was

very much under the influence of firewater. Mathieson pleaded ignorance of his behavior as he was drunk, and did not know what he was doing. He was released on parting with the sum of 50 cents.

PROFESSOR HASELMAYER AT THE CITY HALL.

Professor Haselmayer gave the second performance of his farewell season at the Theatre Royal, City Hall, on Saturday evening. Unfortunately for the Professor the band of "The Buffs" had been advertised to give a moonlight promenade concert in the Botanic Gardens and this doubtless kept many away from the City Hall. The audience was not so large as could have been desired; however, those present enjoyed a great treat, as many novelties were introduced, and were not slow in applauding the really clever tricks performed. Prior to commencing his *stance* the Professor explained to his audience that, although the band concert, *League meetings* and other unscripted circumstances had somewhat curtailed his audience, still he would not abate one iota of his programme on that account, but would give his audience the full benefit of all his *repertoire* of magic as advertised. The evening programme commenced with a card trick wherein the Professor placed four chosen cards in a pistol and shot them between the glass and picture of a previously examined framed photograph. The *card in ball* was produced from black and white paper sandwiches. The mysterious and obedient cabinet afterwards tested by the audience wherein a watch belonging to one of the audience was selected, as well as several other tricks, all of which elicited repeated and enthusiastic plaudits, then followed, the Professor winding up the first part of the entertainment with his performance on the "stylocafe" accompanied by Maestro Cattaneo on the piano. After the usual interval, the second part of the programme was begun with "La Neptune" a performance well worthy of and which elicited the highest *salutes* ever accorded the Professor during his stay here. From behind a large *fourde* or bandanna handkerchief the professor produced no less than ten large glass basins filled with water, and wherein gold fish were swimming, and the last one being only covered with the *fourde* and held amongst the spectators was caused to mysteriously disappear. The "Goblin Drum," the mystery of which is to be explained to-night, the disappearance of Madame Haselmayer and a host of other tricks too numerous to recapitulate followed in succession, after which the lights were turned down to enable the talented performer to exhibit his electric spark illuminations, which passed off with great *éclat* and were highly enjoyable. Elsewhere it will be seen that the professor gives his positively last performance in China to-night, and we advise all who wish to see a really good show to give the professor their patronage, and grace the City Hall with their presence.

THE GERMAN GUNBOAT *Wolf* left Chefoo for Tientsin on the 11th inst., with the Commandant and several officers of the flagship *Starck*, who intended to go to Peking. Later on both the *Wolf* and the *Starck* will be going to Cooch-ee, on surveying duty, for which Admiral von Blaauw deserves great credit. The British despatch vessel *Vigilant* called at Chefoo for mails and despatches on Thursday, and left again the same day. —*Mercury*.

(member of the Yamen of Foreign affairs, and President of the Board of Revenue) and Mr. Chung-an-ho of the C.M.S.N. Co. on board.

The Canton Telegraph Company having failed to observe the terms of an agreement made with the Eastern Extension, Australasia and China Telegraph Company, the latter Company cannot accept telegrams to pass over the Canton line. Such messages should, as previously, be addressed to Canton post Hongkong.

His Excellency Li Hung-chang, on board the *Haan*, C.M.S.N. Co.'s steamer, arrived at Tientsin on the 11th inst., and was received with salutes from the forts and the Chinese gunboats in harbour. Many high officials called on his Excellency on the *Haan*, and when he went ashore he took up his quarters at the offices of the C.M.S.N. Co., it was not known whether he would proceed to Peking or not.

We learn from the *Shen-pao* that the Chinese Telegraph Company are negotiating for the extension of their telegraph lines from Tientsin to Tung-chow, overland 183 li, and from Tung-chow to Peking 36 li, it is proposed to lay the wires underground. The extension is favoured by the Superintendent of Northern Trade, and the *Tsung-li Yamen*. Materials for the construction of the line were to be sent there about a week ago. The telegraph line from Shanghai to Ningpo will be finished in a few days, the rate charged will be eleven cents per word. The Viceroy of Nanking has petitioned the Throne for permission to extend the telegraph line from Kiang-ning, near Nanking, to Haikow. This line will probably be undertaken by the Company. The *Shen-pao* also states that cables are to be laid from Chefoo to Corea, and from Foochow to Formosa, and they will be Government lines.

We understand that Herr von Möllendorff has had about two hundred applications for employment in the Corean Service, from people of all ranks and in all stations of life.

We hear that most of the Naval officers who have visited Chefoo, of late, having been in Corea, have expressed themselves quite delighted with the climate of that country.

A telegram was received by the *Shen-pao* to the effect that H.E. Li Hung-chang has had about two hundred applications for employment in the Corean Service, from people of all ranks and in all stations of life.

We hear that most of the Naval officers who have visited Chefoo, of late, having been in Corea, have expressed themselves quite delighted with the climate of that country.

A telegram was received by the *Shen-pao* to the effect that H.E. Li Hung-chang has been appointed Acting Governor-General of Chihli. H.E. Chang Shuh-shang has returned to Canton, and assume the office of Viceroy of the Two Kwangs, while H.E. Tseng Kwoh-tsun is to proceed to Peking to have an audience of the Emperor.

We hear the claim of the C.N. Co. against the derelict schooner *Matahara* has been settled by arbitration, the British and Dutch Consuls in Swatow being the arbitrators. It will be re-collected that the *Matahara* was picked up at sea and towed into Swatow on the 1st May, by the *S.S. Farina*. The Dutch authorities are claiming compensation from the Chinese government, for the damage done to the schooner by the Celestial pirates.

H.E. Li Hung-chang when he was here said it was not true that he telephoned to Teng How that Mr. Tricou was rude. He telephoned that he was firm and unyielding, we think, but our informant could not recollect the precise words.

He was telephoned to Teng How that he was drunk and did not talk round as with Sir Thomas Wade at Chefoo.

The German gunboat *Wolf* left Chefoo for Tientsin on the 11th inst., with the Commandant and several officers of the flagship *Starck*, who intended to go to Peking. Later on both the *Wolf* and the *Starck* will be going to Cooch-ee, on surveying duty, for which Admiral von Blaauw deserves great credit. The British despatch vessel *Vigilant* called at Chefoo for mails and despatches on Thursday, and left again the same day. —*Mercury*.

HANKOW.

[FROM A CORRESPONDENT.]

JULY 13TH, 1883.

After a long continuance of most inclement weather we seem unwillingly to have humoured his *Clerks*hip in something, and he has been graciously pleased to again confer on us the Order of Sunshien, and may it long e'er be again withdrawn from us the light of his smiling countenance. The last two evenings it has been delightfully cool, owing to a pleasant breeze from the N.E., bringing up about 30° p.m. and continuing till 8 a.m. in the morning. The river has again assumed its mid-summer dimensions, and is within about 24 feet of the top of the bank. The Chinese say the river is now at that stage known as "the 50 days' rise," that is the surplus from the Tungting lakes is pretty well exhausted and whatever water now comes down to it from the melting snows swelling the many tributaries of the

The Hongkong Telegraph.

No. 462.

MONDAY, JULY 23, 1883.

SIX DOLLARS
PER QUARTER.

For Sale.

WINSOR AND NEWTON'S ARTISTS' MATERIALS

FOR
WATER AND OIL PAINTING,
Comprising—

COLOURS in all LANDSCAPE SHADES.

PREPARED OIL & DRYING VARNISHES.

SABLE & HOG BRUSHES in large selections.

VARNISH BRUSHES AND SOFTENERS.

ARTISTS' CASES, Empty and Fitted.

PALETTES AND PALETTE KNIVES.

DIPPERS AND WASHERS.

MILL BOARDS, OIL BLOCKS.

WHATMAN'S WATER COLOUR BLOCKS.

ENGLISH MADE PICTURE FRAMES,

LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.

Hongkong, 1st July, 1883. [563]

Auctions.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned has received instructions from the MORTGAGEES to Sell by Public Auction, on

THURSDAY,

the 26th July, 1883, at THREE P.M.,
on the Premises—

THE VALUABLE LEASEHOLD PROPERTY,

KNOWN AS

"THE HOTEL DE L'UNIVERS," Standing and being on all that Piece of Parcel of GROUND situate at Victoria, being that, Portion of INLAND LOT No. 51, upon which the GERMAN CLUB formerly stood, and Sub-section A of Section B of inland Lot No. 51, together with all the Out-buildings and the Appurtenances thereto held for the n side of the term of 999 years created by an Indenture of Crown Lease, dated the 16th January, 1856, at the appointed Crown Rent of \$120 per Annum. For further Particulars and Conditions of Sale, apply to

SHARP, TOLLER & JOHNSON,
Supreme Court House,
Solicitors for the Mortgagors;

or to the Undersigned, H. N. MODY,
Auctioneer.

Hongkong, 1st July, 1883. [563]

PUBLIC AUCTION

OF VALUABLE PROPERTY IN VICTORIA

TO BE SOLD by Public Auction, by Mr. J. M. GUEDDES, Auctioneer, on

FRIDAY,

the 27th day of July, 1883, at THREE P.M.,
on the Premises, No. 54, Wing Lok Street,
BY ORDER OF THE MORTGAGOR.

All that Valuable Piece of GROUND measuring on the North and South 14 feet; East and West sides 100 feet, and Registered in the Land Office as MARINE LOT No. 73. Held for 999 years from 21st May, 1857.

Yearly Crown Rent \$24.68. On the above Piece of GROUND is erected the Valuable HOUSE known as No. 54, Wing Lok Street and House No. 123, Fraya Central. For Particulars and Conditions of Sale, apply to

SHARP, TOLLER, & JOHNSON,
Solicitors for the Mortgagors;
or to

J. M. GUEDDES,
Auctioneer.

Hongkong, 1st July, 1883. [564]

PUBLIC AUCTION.

VALUABLE PROPERTY
IN
QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

THE Undersigned will Sell by Public Auction, on

SATURDAY,

the 28th day of July, 1883, on the Premises,
at THREE P.M.

The Parcel of GROUND registered in the Land Office as the Remaining Portion of MARINE LOT No. 53, a measuring 453 square feet. Yearly Crown Rent £11.43. Held for 999 years from 21st January, 1857.

Together with the HOUSES 105 and 107 Queen's Road Central and Nos. 1 and 3 in Endicott's Lane.

For Terms and Conditions of Sale, apply to

J. M. GUEDDES,
Auctioneer.

Hongkong, 1st July, 1883. [574]

Intimations.

CHINA TRADERS' INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE SEVENTEENTH ORDINARY MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS in the above Company will be held at the Head Office, Victoria, Hongkong, on TUESDAY, the 31st instant, at FOUR O'CLOCK P.M., for the purpose of presenting the Report of the Directors and Statement of Accounts to 30th April last, and of declaring Dividends.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 18th to 31st instant, both days inclusive.

By Order,

W. H. RAY,
Secretary.

Hongkong, 9th July, 1883. [541]

THE CHINA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

AN EXTRAORDINARY MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS in the above Company will be held at the Company's Office, No. 45, Queen's Road, Victoria, Hongkong, on FRIDAY, the 27th day of July, 1883, at THREE O'CLOCK P.M., when the Resolutions passed at the Extraordinary Meeting of the Company held on the 12th day of July, 1883, will be submitted for confirmation as Special Resolutions.

By Order,

JAS. B. COUGHTRIE,
Secretary.

Hongkong, 13th July, 1883. [558]

HONGKONG, CANTON, AND MACAO STEAMBOAT COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE THIRTY-FOURTH ORDINARY HALF-YEARLY MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS in the Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 52, Queen's Road, on MONDAY, the 30th July instant, at THREE O'CLOCK in the AFTERNOON, for the purpose of receiving a Report of the Directors together with a Statement of Accounts, declaring a Dividend, and Electing Directors and Auditor.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

P. A. DA COSTA,
Secretary.

Hongkong, 9th July, 1883. [546]

NOTICE

WE have CLOSED our Chinese Branch and the Business of SHCHAAR & CO. will be carried on under the name of SHCHAAR & CO. which firm Mr. CHARLES LANGE DE LA CAMP has been authorized to sign per Procurator.

DIRCKS & CO.
In Liquidation.

Swallow, 1st July, 1883. [575]

NOTICE

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 17th to the 30th instant, inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

P. A. DA COSTA,
Secretary.

Hongkong, 9th July, 1883. [547]

NOTICE

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 17th to the 30th instant, inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

P. A. DA COSTA,
Secretary.

Hongkong, 9th July, 1883. [547]

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Hongkong, 9th July, 1883. [547]

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By Order of the Board of Directors,

P. A. DA COSTA,
Secretary.

Hongkong, 9th July, 1883. [547]

Intimations.

"NOVELTY STORE,"

MARINE HOUSE, QUEEN'S ROAD.

JUST RECEIVED.

A SMALL CONSIGNMENT OF MALTESE LACE AND SILVER FILIGREE WORK, COMPRISING—

White and Black Silk Trimming Lace,
Cotton Trimming Lace,
Silk Handkerchief Border,
Silk Circular and Square Doyleys,
and Black Silk Fichie,
Silk Parasol Cover,
Cotton Parasol Cover,
Silk Veil and Scarf,
Silk Collar and Cuffs,
Silk Collar Breast Pendant,
Cotton Collar Breast Pointed,
Silk Mittens.

Silver Filigree Pendant, St. John's Cross & Crown,
Earrings to match the above,
Fancy Pendant,
Plain Chain Necklet,
Fancy Locket,
Fancy Bracelet,
Brooch (Love Knot),
(Marguerite),
(Slipper),
(Shell),
(Circular),
(Fan),
(Lily),
Earrings to match the above.

AN INSPECTION IS RESPECTFULLY SOLICITED,
ANY OF THE ABOVE ORDERED THROUGH THIS "STORE" WILL BE CHARGED FOR AT COST PRICE.

S. MEYERS,
MANAGER.

Hongkong, 11th June, 1883. [528]

SAYLE & CO.'S SHOWROOMS.

SAYLE & CO.

WE ARE SHOWING EX "GLENARM."

EVERY FINE INDIA LONG CLOTHS.

WHITE STRIPE DRESS MATERIALS.

WHITE ALL OVER TUCKINGS—A New White Dress Material.

COLOURED CHECKED ZEPHYRS for washing dresses.

POMPADOUR SILKS, cashmeres and dolaines for summer dressing gowns.

A Fresh Assortment of Best Silk and Wool FLANNELS.

French Embroidered Pongee Silk TRIMMINGS.

An entirely New Stock of Ladies' PARASOLS.

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